2.6 DAM/LEVEE FAILURE

DAM FAILURE

A dam is defined as an artificial barrier that does or may impound water or other liquefied material. Upground reservoirs and lagoons are considered dams per Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) 1501:21-3-01. Most commonly, a dam is constructed across a stream channel to impound water for recreation, flood control, or other uses. Upground reservoirs and lagoons are common for drinking water supply and water treatment. Some flood control dams, often referred to as "dry dams", only impound water during wet or flooding conditions. A dam failure is defined as an uncontrolled release of impounded water. The most common causes of dam failures include dam overtopping, excessive seepage, and structural failure of a component. Despite efforts to provide sufficient structural integrity and to perform inspection and maintenance, problems can develop that can lead to failure. While most dams have storage volumes small enough that failures would have little or no consequences, dams with large storage amounts could cause significant flooding downstream.

Dam failures can result from any one or a combination of the following causes:

- Prolonged periods of rainfall and flooding;
- Inadequate spillway capacity, resulting in excess overtopping flows;
- Internal erosion caused by embankment or foundation leakage or piping;
- Improper maintenance, including failure to remove trees, repair internal seepage problems, replace lost material from the cross section of the dam and abutments, or maintain gates, valves, and other operational components;
- Improper design, including the use of improper construction materials and construction practices;
- Improper operation, including the failure to remove or open gates or valves during high flow periods;
- Failure of upstream dams on the same waterway that release water to a downstream dam;
- Earthquakes, which typically cause longitudinal cracks at the tops of the embankments that can weaken entire structures.

In terms of emergency management and planning, dam failures are analyzed as either sunny day failures or flood condition failures. Sunny day failures occur during a non- flooding situation with the reservoir near normal pool level. Flood condition failures usually involve periods of heavy rainfall and high river flows, which can exacerbate inadequate spillway capacity. Improper design of a spillway or operation of gates during high flows can lead to excessive water pressure and subsequent failure as well. Even though both types of failures can be disastrous, it can be assumed that a sunny day failure would be more catastrophic due to its unanticipated occurrence and the lack of time to warn residents downstream.

Dams are complicated structures, and it can be difficult to predict how a structure will respond to distress "... the modes and causes of failure are varied, multiple, and often complex and interrelated, i.e., often the triggering cause may not truly have resulted in failure had the dam not had a secondary weakness. These causes illustrate the need for careful, critical review of all facets of a dam" (Safety of Existing Dams, 1983).

LEVEE FAILURE

A levee is any artificial barrier together with appurtenant works that will divert or restrain the flow of a stream or other body of water for the purpose of protecting an area from inundation by flood waters. Generally, a levee is subjected to water loading during a few days or weeks each year; unlike most dams that retain water most of the time.

A levee breach results when a portion of the levee breaks away, providing an opening for water to flood the landward side of the structure. Such breaches can be caused by surface erosion due to water velocities, or they can be the result of subsurface actions. Subsurface actions usually involve sand boils whereby the upward pressure of water flowing through porous soil under the levee exceeds the static pressure of the soil weight above it (i.e., under-seepage). These boils can indicate instability of the levee foundation given the liquefied substrate below it, leading way to breaching. Levee overtopping is similar to dam overtopping in that the flood waters simply exceed the design capacity of the structure, thus flowing over the lowest crest of the system. Such overtopping can lead to erosion on the landward side which, subsequently, can lead to breaching. In order to prevent this type landward erosion, many levees are reinforced or armored with rocks or concrete.

AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITY

The Ohio Department of Natural Resources, Division of Water Resources - Dam Safety Program (DSP) has the responsibility to ensure that human life, health and property are protected from dam and levee failures. The program achieves its core purpose by performing the following main functions:

- Emergency response Assessing the conditions of dams during severe floods and emergency's, taking action to correct dams that pose an immediate threat to public safety, providing timely and best-available information to other agencies and the public during disasters, and supporting mandate Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Section 1521.062;
- Construction permits Ensuring that dams and levees are designed and constructed in accordance with proper engineering standards and Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) rules, reviewing construction plans and specifications, performing calculations and investigations, issuing permits, and monitoring/approving construction OAC 1501:221-1-01 through 1501:21-23-01:
- Repairs and modifications -- Ensuring that dams and levees are repaired in accordance with proper engineering standards and OAC rules, reviewing construction plans and specifications, performing calculations and investigations, issuing permits, and monitoring/approving construction, and supporting mandate ORC Section 1521.062;
- Periodic safety inspections —Inspecting Class I-III dams once every five years, monitoring the overall condition of Ohio's dams, providing data for the National Performance of Dams Program (NPDP), and supporting mandate ORC Section 1521.062;
- Emergency Action Plans Requiring all Class I, II, and III dam owners to develop an Emergency Action Plan (EAP). Class I dams are required to have an inundation study preformed evaluating dam failure, typically during a probable maximum flood event, 100- year flood, and during a sunny dam failure OAC 1501:21-15-07;
- Enforcement Requiring dam and levee owners to improve safety when efforts for voluntary compliance have been unsuccessful (OAC 1501:21-23) and focusing on Class I dams with dense populations downstream; and

• Public information – Providing data security for Ohio EMA, US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), the National Guard, Ohio EPA, as well as the state and federal legislatures, providing dam and levee owners and engineers with technical information and access to division files, educating the public about dam safety and providing quality data, and giving presentations for EPA, Water Management Association of Ohio (WMAO), and the Ohio Lake Communities Association (OLCA). However, some data regarding the safety of infrastructure (such as inundation maps and EAPs) cannot be distributed to unauthorized personnel per ORC 149.433(a).

The ORC provides the authority for the program to regulate dam and levee safety, and dictates the responsibilities of the program as well as the responsibilities of the dam and levee owners. The program has jurisdiction over approximately 2,620 dams in Ohio, of which 408 are Class I (highest hazard); DSP does not have jurisdiction over Federal dams. USACE presides over most of those Federal dams in Ohio, and ensures they are operated and maintained properly.

Many levees in Ohio are owned and maintained by local communities, with a few levees being owned and maintained by the USACE. While a federal inventory of levees is complete, the methodology for evaluating the effects of levees on flood hazards is in flux. This will be discussed later in this section.

RISK ASSESSMENT

DAMS—CLASSIFICATION

In Ohio, there are 5,979 known existing structures that retain or detain water, and these are included in ODNR's inventory of dams (DSP data, December 2019). Many of the structures in that count have been properly abandoned, are exempt from DSP jurisdiction, or are proposed dams. As such the focus of this section will include dams that are under the jurisdiction of the DSP. The ODNR DSP classifies dams as Class I, Class III, and Class IV dams, with generally Class I being the highest risk and Class IV the lowest risk (see Table 2.6.a). The classification of a dam is based on three factors: the dam's height, storage capacity, and potential downstream hazard. The height of the dam is the vertical distance from the crest to the downstream toe. The storage capacity is the volume of water that the dam can impound at the top of dam (crest) elevation. The downstream hazard consists of roads, buildings, homes, and other structures that would be damaged in the event of a dam failure. Potential for loss of life is also evaluated.

The USACE's National Inventory of Dams (NID) compiles information about dams from a variety of agencies with an inventory of dams. Some of the partners that contribute data to the NID include ODNR DSP, Department of the Interior (National Park Service and Mine Safety and Health), USDA (Forest Service and Natural Resources Conservation Service), USACE, and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. For a dam to be included in the NID it must meet at least one of the following criteria. 1) High hazard potential classification - loss of human life is likely if the dam fails; 2) Significant hazard potential classification - no probable loss of human life but can cause economic loss; environmental damage, disruption of lifeline facilities, or impact other concerns; 3) Equal or exceed 25 feet in height and exceed 15 acre-feet in storage; 4) Equal or exceed 50 acre-feet storage and exceed 6 feet in height. In addition to specifying the ODNR Classification System, Table 2.6.a summarizes how the ODNR DSP classification corresponds with the hazard class in the NID.

Table 2.6.a

Ohio and Federal Dam Classification Systems									
	Ohio and Federa	ii Dam Classi	tication Systems						
Ohio Dam Classification	Hazard Description	Height (ft)	Storage (ac-ft)	Corresponding NID Classification					
Class I	Probable loss of life, serious hazard to health, structural damage to high value property (i.e., homes, industries, major public utilities)	>60	>5,000	High					
Class II	Flood water damage to homes, businesses, industrial structures (no loss of life envisioned), damage to state and interstate highways, railroads, only access to residential areas	>40	>500	Significant					
Class III	Damage to low value non- residential structures, local roads, agricultural crops and livestock	>25	>50	Low					
Class IV	Losses restricted mainly to the dam	≤25	≤50	Other					
Exempt	N/A	< 6	15 ac-ft. OR <10 ft & ≤50 ac-ft.	N/A					

Source: Ohio Department of Natural Resources, Division of Water Resources, Dam Safety Program

When assessing risk for dams, various dam failure scenarios must be considered, and they include failures when the dam is at normal pool level (sunny day) and failures during significant flood events (rainy day). Each of the three factors is evaluated, and the final classification of the dam is based on the highest individual factor. The classification of a dam can change based on future development along the downstream channel. It is important to note all classes are required to have Emergency Action Plans (EAPs) and Class I dams are required to include dam failure inundation mapping.

This update will focus on Class I dams as they are deemed as having the most potential for loss of life, greatest hazards to health, and causing the most structural damage should any of them fail. Classes II and III also will be evaluated to a slight degree since their failure would most likely result in damages to homes, businesses, infrastructure, but no loss of life is likely.

DAMS—LOCATION

There are 408 Class I dams, 1,089 Class II and III, and 1,049 Class IV dams regulated by ODNR DSP in Ohio. Additionally, there are approximately 3,374 "other" structures throughout the state that are proposed, unclassified, exempt, and/or abandoned. (Table 2.6.b). The following tables show the distribution of the various classes of dams by Region and further by county.

Table 2.6.b

			Dam	Inventory	by Cou	nty and Dan	ı Classii	fication			
					R	egion 1					
County	ı	II	III	IV	Total	County	ı	II	III	IV	Total
Allen	5	3	5	10	23	Marion	0	2	1	4	7
Auglaize	1	1	1	2	5	Mercer	2	4	1	1	8
Champaign	1	7	1	7	16	Miami	3	3	5	6	17
Clark	2	2	4	6	14	Ottawa	0	2	0	3	5
Crawford	5	3	3	12	23	Paulding	1	1	0	6	8
Darke	0	3	2	7	12	Preble	5	3	9	16	33
Defiance	2	5	3	6	16	Putnam	1	2	0	3	6
Erie	0	2	0	4	6	Sandusky	2	0	0	2	4
Fulton	5	4	1	0	10	Seneca	2	5	1	4	12
Hancock	9	3	2	0	14	Shelby	2	2	3	10	17
Hardin	0	1	2	6	9	Van Wert	3	0	0	1	4
Henry	0	1	0	1	2	Williams	1	5	3	14	23
Huron	10	5	10	8	33	Wood	4	4	0	0	8
Logan	3	5	4	12	24	Wyandot	0	5	3	7	15
Lucas	2	3	1	0	6						
				TOTAL:	380 (I: 7 1	, II: 86, III:6	5, IV: 15	3)			

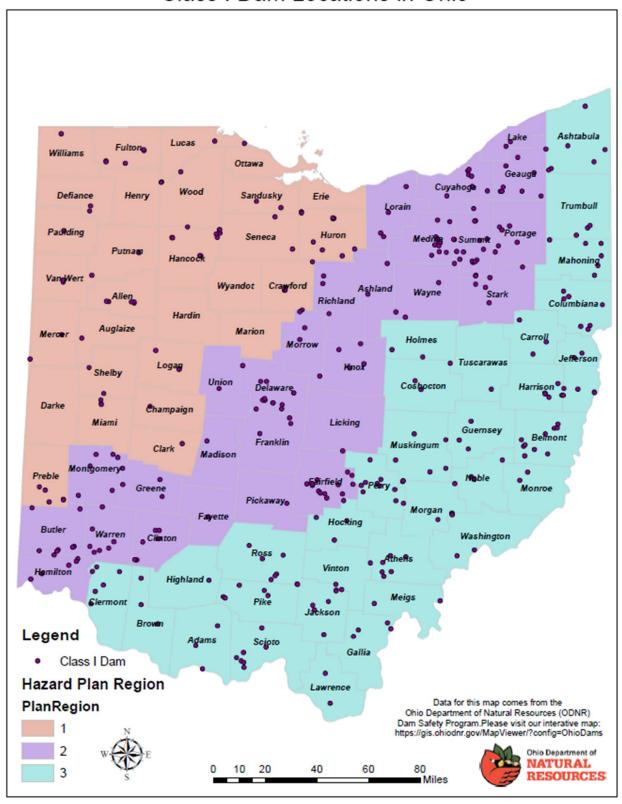
						Region 2					
County	ı	II	III	IV	Total	County	ı	II	III	IV	Total
Ashland	5	7	12	20	44	Lorain	4	7	15	21	47
Butler	7	9	13	22	51	Madison	1	2	1	1	5
Clinton	8	10	2	13	33	Medina	14	25	26	64	129
Cuyahoga	7	8	5	4	24	Montgomery	7	2	5	6	20
Delaware	17	5	8	22	52	Morrow	3	9	4	18	34
Fairfield	13	17	20	15	65	Pickaway	2	4	10	10	26
Fayette	1	1	2	1	5	Portage	8	7	12	27	54
Franklin	3	13	5	11	33	Richland	3	5	7	11	26
Geauga	9	10	12	24	55	Stark	4	16	15	29	64
Greene	4	5	4	16	29	Summit	18	15	18	23	74
Hamilton	7	18	8	15	49	Union	1	0	3	5	9
Knox	6	7	5	10	28	Warren	11	13	22	48	95
Lake	2	3	9	4	18	Wayne	3	5	12	10	30
Licking	1	7	11	39	59						
			T	OTAL: 1,1	158 (I: 16	9, II: 230, III: 2	266, IV: 1,	158)			

					Regio	n 3					
County	I	П	III	IV	Total	County	I	II	III	IV	Total
Adams	3	9	4	10	26	Jefferson	7	14	7	18	46
Ashtabula	5	7	12	20	44	Lawrence	4	4	2	3	13
Athens	8	2	2	10	22	Mahoning	6	6	11	14	37
Belmont	10	4	7	28	49	Meigs	2	5	1	7	15
Brown	3	10	9	16	38	Monroe	2	5	4	8	19
Carroll	4	7	11	28	50	Morgan	4	10	5	10	29
Clermont	8	21	11	23	63	Muskingum	6	15	24	22	66
Columbiana	7	22	14	21	65	Noble	3	5	4	4	16
Coshocton	4	4	10	13	31	Perry	10	12	10	8	40
Gallia	4	6	4	4	18	Pike	5	1	5	3	17
Guernsey	5	11	17	12	45	Ross	8	9	8	6	31
Harrison	9	9	14	14	46	Scioto	8	6	5	4	23
Highland	3	5	3	9	20	Trumbull	4	8	11	12	35
Hocking	4	7	6	10	27	Tuscarawas	7	6	15	13	41
Holmes	2	2	1	11	16	Vinton	3	3	3	9	18
Jackson	5	8	4	13	30	Washington	5	9	4	11	29
		•	TOTA	L: 1,065 ((I: 168, II:	252, III: 248,	IV: 39	4)			•

Source: DSP Dam Inventory, June 2018

Region 1 has many fewer dams than regions 2 and 3. This may be largely due to the topography as Region 1 is relatively flatter than Regions 2 and 3. Region 1 has a total of 380 dams consisting of 81 Class I, 86 Class II, 65 III, and 160 Class IV. Region 2 has a total of 1,158 dams consisting of 169 Class I, 230 Class II, 266 Class III, and 489 Class IV dams. Region 3 has a total of 1,065 dams consisting of 168 Class I, 252 Class II, 248 Class III, and 394 Class IV dams. See Map 2.6.a below for a location of Class I dams in Ohio.

Class I Dam Locations in Ohio



LEVEES—LOCATION

There are two primary sources of levee data for the State of Ohio- The US Army Corp of Engineers National Levee Database (NLD) and the Ohio Department of Natural Resources Dam Safety Program. The National Levee Database is dynamic in nature, it does provide static information regarding levee location and attributes, which can aid in decision making and better flood risk management. This database was recently released to the public so individuals would have the ability to conduct custom queries and get information pertinent to their situation and their community. However, gaps remain in some qualitative and quantitative data for levees, which will affect a community's ability to gauge risk and implement successful risk communication. Such data gaps exacerbate existing state and community-specific levee safety issues, such as estimating levee maintenance costs, which affect future funding priorities; and completing accurate risk assessments among the various counties containing such structures in their jurisdictions. The National Levee Database identifies that there are 257 levees in Ohio (Table 2.6.c).

Table 2.6.c

				USACE NLD L	evee Inv	entory by	County				
	Region	າ 1			Regio	ո 2		Region 2			
County	Region	Levee Count	Leveed Area (Sq. Miles)	County	Region	Levee Count	Leveed Area (Sq. Miles)	County	Region	Levee Count	Leveed Area (Sq. Miles)
Erie	1	2	0.16	Butler	2	10	4.12	Clermont	3	1	0.08
Erie/Sandusky	1	1	0.53	Cuyahoga	2	1	0.01	Columbiana	3	1	0.45
Lucas	1	5	4.12	Fairfield	2	2	0.89	Guernsey	3	2	0.12
Lucas/Monroe	1, 3	1	0.50	Franklin	2	3	4.82	Hocking	3	1	0.03
Lucas/Ottawa	1	6	3.68	Ham ilton	2	10	5.39	Lawrence	3	2	2.35
Marion	1	2	0.80	Knox	2	5	0.79	Muskingum/Perry	3	1	0.11
Miami	1	6	0.28	Lake	2	1	0.03	Pike	3	4	1.81
Ottawa	1	146	16.62	Licking	2	1	0.16	Ross	3	1	2.15
Ottawa/Sandusky	1	4	0.97	Lorain	2	1	0.25	Scioto	3	1	2.99
Sandusky	1	3	1.30	Montgomery	2	20	10.28	Tuscarawas	3	1	0.11
				Richland	2	1	0.00				
				Stark	2	5	0.78				
				Stark/Carroll	2, 3	1	0.11				
				Warren	2	5	0.45				
Region 1 Total:		176	28.96	Region 2 Total:		66	26.75	Region 3 Total:		15	10.21

Source: USACE National Levee Database

The ODNR DSP levee database classifies the hazard potential for levees as Class I, Class II, and Class III levees (Table 2.6.d), depending on what is identified as the landward risk. Under these classifications, ODNR DSP identifies 36 levees including four unclassified levees (Table 2.6.e).

Table 2.6.d

Ohio Levee Classification Systems							
Hazard Classifcation	Description						
Class I	Probably loss of human life, structural collapse of at least one residence or one						
	commerical or industrial business						
Class II	Disruption of a public water supply or wasterwater treatment facility, or other health						
	hazards; flooding of residential, commerical, industrial, or publically owned structures;						
	flooding of high-value property; damage or disruption to major roads including but not						

	limited to interstate and state highways, and the only access to residential or other critical areas such as hospitals, nursing homes, or correctional facilities as determined by the chief; damage or disruption to railroads or public utilities
Class III	Property losses including but not limitied to rural buildigs not otherwise described in this
	rule; damage or disruption to local roads including but not limited to roads not otherwise
	listed as major roads in this rule

Source: <u>http://water.ohiodnr.gov/safety/dam-safety</u>

Table 2.6.e

ODNR DSP Levee Inventory									
NAME	OWNER TYPE	COUNTY	STREAM	CLASS					
SHADYSIDE WWTP LEVEE	PUBLIC, LOCAL	BELMONT	OHIO RIVER	П					
HAMILTON SOUTH WATER TREATMENT LEVEE	PUBLIC, LOCAL	BUTLER	PLEASANT RUN	П					
BANKER DRIVE LEVEE	PUBLIC, LOCAL	BUTLER	PLEASANT RUN	III					
WINDISCH ROAD LEVEE	PRIVATE	BUTLER	EAST FORK OF MILL CREEK	Ш					
HAMILTON LEVEE	PUBLIC, C.D.	BUTLER	GREAT MIAMI RIVER	UNCLASS					
WELLSVILLE LEVEE	PUBLIC, LOCAL	COLUMBIANA	OHIO RIVER	I					
CERRI LEVEE	PRIVATE	CUYAHOGA	CHAGRIN RIVER	Ш					
AGG ROK REACH LEVEE	PRIVATE	FRANKLIN	SCIOTO BIG RUN	I					
KING AVENUE LEVEE	PUBLIC, LOCAL	FRANKLIN	OLENTANGY RIVER	П					
NATIONAL LIME & STONE SHADEVILLE LEVEE	PRIVATE	FRANKLIN	SCIOTO RIVER	UNCLASS					
SUN VALLEY LEVEE	PRIVATE	GALLIA	UNNAMED TRIBUTARY TO CHICKAMAUGA	EXEMPT					
KYGER CREEK LEVEE	PUBLIC, STATE	GALLIA	KYGER CREEK	П					
SOUTHGATE DIKE	PUBLIC, LOCAL	GUERNSEY	WILLIS CREEK	I					
MUDDY CREEK WWTP LEVEE	PUBLIC, LOCAL	HAMILTON	ALONG OHIO RIVER	I					
LITTLE MIAMI WWTP LEVEE	PUBLIC, LOCAL	HAMILTON	OHIO RIVER	П					
SYCAMORE CREEK WWTP LEVEE	PUBLIC, LOCAL	HAMILTON	SYCAMORE CREEK	П					
HILLSBORO WWTP LEVEE	PUBLIC, LOCAL	HIGHLAND	CLEAR CREEK	UNCLASS					
LOGAN WATER TREATMENT PLANT LEVEE	PUBLIC, LOCAL	HOCKING	HOCKING RIVER	П					
WARNER LEVEE	PRIVATE	LAKE	CHAGRIN RIVER	Ш					
HEATH WWTP FLOOD PROTECTION LEVEE	PUBLIC, LOCAL	LICKING	SOUTH FORK LICKING RIVER	П					
SWANEY LEVEE	PRIVATE	MARION	SCIOTO RIVER TRIBUTARY	Ш					
GRUSENMEYER LEVEE	PRIVATE	MIAIMI	GREAT MIAMI RIVER	Ш					
FULTON LEVEE	PRIVATE	MIAMI	LOST CREEK	Ш					
MORAINE LEVEE AND FLOODWALL	PUBLIC, LOCAL	MONTGOMERY	GREAT MIAMI RIVER	I					
ARNOLD LEVEE	PRIVATE	NOBLE	SALT RUN	UNCLASS					
WESTFALL LEVEE	PRIVATE	PICKAWAY	BIG DARBY CREEK	Ш					
GREEN ACRES LEVEE	PUBLIC, LOCAL	PIKE	CROOKED CREEK	I					
WAVERLY WWTP LEVEE	PUBLIC, LOCAL	PIKE	SCIOTO RIVER	I					
MILLS PRIDE LEVEE	PRIVATE	PIKE	SCIOTO RIVER - OFFSTREAM	I					
YELLOWBUD CREEK LEVEE	PRIVATE	ROSS	YELLOWBUD	Ш					
SIDNEY LEVEE	PUBLIC, LOCAL	SHELBY	GREAT MIAMI RIVER	П					
SWARTZ DITCH LEVEE	PUBLIC, LOCAL	SUMMIT	SWARTZ DITCH	Ш					
SWARTZ DITCH DETENTION DAM	PUBLIC, LOCAL	SUMMIT	SWARTZ DITCH	III					
FRAL1 LEVEE	PUBLIC, C.D.	WARREN	GREAT MIAMI RIVER	I					
WOOSTER LEVEE RELOCATION	PUBLIC, LOCAL	WAYNE	KILLBUCK CREEK	П					
PERRYSBURG WWTP LEVEE	PUBLIC, LOCAL	WOOD	MAUMEE RIVER	I					

LHMP DATA

Stark County: According to flood studies on file with the Stark County EMA, many communities in the county could be affected by a dam failure event. In an event that the Dover and Bolivar dams are at the emergency spillway, back up flooding along the Tuscarawas River through Stark County would significantly impact the Village of Navarre, as well as affect the cities of Massillon and Canal Fulton. Flooding in Navarre would far surpass 500-year flood levels, placing much of the village's downtown under water. Similar studies for Atwood Lake and the Beach City Dam, on file with the county EMA, indicate similar concerns. After an extensive examination of spreadsheet calculations, vulnerability assessments show that 28,288 structures could be damaged with an estimated loss of \$1,019,132,000.

Delaware County: Dam failure is a significant concern for Delaware County. As of June 2018, there are 88 dams and reservoirs located within the county that could result in significant losses if they were to fail or become overtopped. These include 16 Class I dams, 13 Class II and III dams, and 24 Class IV dams. The Hoover Dam structure is located within Blendon Township in Franklin County, but a significant portion of its reservoir exists within Delaware County and should be considered a potential hazard to Delaware County residents (see Section 2.2). The Dams located within Delaware County are regulated by the U.S. Army Corp of Engineers (USACE), Ohio Department of Natural Resources (Division of Water) (ODNR) and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC).

For the 2013 Delaware County Hazard Mitigation Plan, local GIS inundation maps for all of the dams, except for the Sunbury and Ashley reservoirs, were overlaid onto the Auditor's parcel data and this determined the number of structures at-risk within each jurisdiction. Delaware, Powell, and Shawnee Hills are the only cities or villages that contain at-risk populations or structures due to their proximity to crucial rivers and reservoirs. Delaware City contains a staggering 1,458 vulnerable structures valued at over \$300 million because the densely populated city lies directly south of the dam, in the direct pathway of the water's direction. In addition, there are over 2,000 vulnerable structures that lie outside of the county's municipalities, particularly since the majority of the dams and reservoirs are a sizeable distance from them. The 2013 Delaware County Multi-Hazard Mitigation Plan estimates that a total of 3,734 structures could be damaged with an estimated loss of \$909,122,500.

PAST OCCURRENCES

The 2008 State Hazard Mitigation Plan Update referenced "The National Performance of Dams Partnership," a cooperative effort of engineers and dam safety professionals in the U.S. who retrieve, archive, and disseminate information on dam performance in order to list dam incidents and failures throughout the state. According to this database, Ohio experienced 273 dam incidents from 1882 to 2001. Because dam classification can be dynamic, a more complete database was developed by DSP for a span of years ranging from 1852 to 2014. (Please note the DSP data list incidents/failures dating back to 1852, However, the DSP was not created until 1963. Therefore, not all data provided to Ohio EMA were collected by DSP). Table 2.6.f lists the dam failures and incidents for Class I and II dams throughout the state. Due to limitations in data, incidents since 2014 could not be obtained when updating the 2019 State Hazard Mitigation Plan.

There has been little property damage that has resulted from a dam failure alone, as dam failures are few in Ohio. However, there has been property damage due to a combination of downstream flooding from excessive precipitation and dam failure. Unfortunately, it is difficult to assess which property damage was

a direct result of the dam failure and which damage was a result of downstream flooding due to excessive precipitation. There has been some infrastructure loss in terms of roads washing away, but there has been no loss of critical facilities due to dam failure to date. It should be noted that DSP does not have much data showing property damages and losses; such data are generally unavailable as there has not been a large dam failure in Ohio for many years. The comments associated with each incident or failure in Table 2.6.f rarely contains such loss information.

There are no documented instances of levee breaches whereby structures or properties were damaged in Ohio as such data are generally unavailable and undocumented. This does not mean there is minimal risk behind these levees; it means more effort needs to be exerted in the collection of such data. However, according to DSP records, in 1997 the Green Acres Levee (Pike County) was overtopped by a flood estimated to be a 100-year event. Several homes were flooded as a result, but no specific damage data could be found for this update.

Table 2.6.f

	Ohio High Hazard Dam Incidents/Failures From 1852 to 2014									
County	DSP Class	Dam Name	Incident Year	Incident Description*						
	Region 1									
Huron	1	NORWALK LOWER RESERVOIR	1969	Dam failed; no damage downstream noted. Dam was rebuilt with berm and drainage.						
Huron	1	GREENWICH RESERVOIR DAM	1969	Dam partially failed; no damage downstream noted.						
Huron	1	HOLIDAY LAKE DAM	1982, 2007	Left sidewall failed in 1982. A shallow slide was noted in 2007.						
Morrow	1	CANDLEWOOD LAKE DAM	1998	Approximately 3-4' noted in the emergency spillway.						
Sandusky	ı	BALLVILLE DAM	1913	Dam failed with 1913 flood; no damage downstream reported.						
Williams	ı	LAKE SENECA DAM	1973, 1996	Overflow spillway failed in 1973 and 1996; no damage downstream reported.						
Wyandot	ı	KILLDEER UPGROUND RESERVOIR	1979, 2004	Leak and slide indicated in 1979, and multiple slides indicated in 2004.						
Defiance	П	INDEPENDENCE DAM	1982	Left abutment was overtopped and damaged.						
Lucas	П	SWANTON UPGROUND RESERVOIR	1970	Dam failure in 1970, but was repaired.						
Seneca	II	MOHAWK LAKE DAM	1910, 1963	Dam failure in 1910 resulted in replacement; dam failure in 1963 resulted in repairs. No damage downstream reported.						
			Region 2							
Ashtabula	Ш	GERLAT LAKE DAM	2011	Spillway failed. ODNR issued an order for the dam to be repaired or breached. The dam was breached.						
Cuyahoga	1	BRIAR HILL LAKE DAM	2006	Dam possibly overtopped; no damage downstream noted.						
Delaware	1	LEXINGTON GLEN DAM	1987	Dam failed due to erosion on the emergency spillway and four erosion rills on the downstream slope.						
Delaware	ı	SUNBURY UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 1	1960s	Dam overtopped; no downstream damage noted.						
Fairfield	1	RUSHCREEK STRUCTURE NO. VI-A	1982	An abutment leakage was noted and repaired.						
Fairfield	1	PINE LAKE ESTATES DAM	2013	Spillway failure						

Geauga	П	KENSTON LAKE DAM	2010	Spillway clogged and the dam overtopped. ODNR issued an order for the dam to be repaired or breached. The dam was breached. Pipe jacked and bored through the dam, eliminating the reservoir and making the dam a roadway embankment.
Geauga	ı	MONT-MERE LAKE DAM	2006	Water was 1-1.5' below top of dam; dam never overtopped.
Geauga	1	TANGLEWOOD LAKE DAM	1981	Spillway partially failed, but was repaired; no damage downstream noted.
Knox	ı	KNOX LAKE DAM	1950	Seepage was noted and spillway failed.
Lake	ı	HOOSE ROAD RETENTION DAM	2006	Water was 1-2' above emergency spillway elevation.
Lake	ı	BRIGHTWOOD LAKE DAM	1985	A resident near the emergency spillway stated the dam overtopped; no damage downstream reported.
Lorain	II	BRENTWOOD LAKE DAM	2009	Spillway failed. ODNR issued an order for the dam to be repaired or breached. The dam was breached.
Medina	ı	PISCHIERI POND DAM	1999	Dam was breached in controlled manner due to detection of void in dam; no damage downstream.
Medina	ı	RAVENS WOOD LAKE DAM	1973	Original dam failed and was rebuilt in 1973.
Medina	I	RUSTIC HILLS LAKE DAM	1980, 2003	Dam failed in 1980, and emergency spillway failed in 2003 which caused overtopping; no damage downstream reported.
Portage	1	BRIMFIELD LAKE DAM	1979	Dam nearly failed due to overtopping; no damage downstream reported.
Richland	ı	SHELBY UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 2	2001	Seepage was noted through reservoir due to field tile; repairs were made accordingly.
Summit	II	THE MEADOWS DAM	2012	Spillway failed. ODNR issued an order for the dam to be repaired or breached. The dam was breached.
Summit	ı	LAKE LITCHFIELD DAM	1973	Embankment failed during construction.
Warren	ı	PINE HILL LAKE DAM	2001	Emergency spillway flowed; no damage downstream reported.
Wayne	I	CHIPPEWA CREEK STRUCTURE VII-C	1973	Foundation failure during construction; no damage indicated downstream.
Ashtabula	II	ELKEM FLUID WASTE POND 3A	1980	Slide was noted in the downstream slope, and was fixed.
Cuyahoga	II	MARSHFIELD LAKE DAM	1973	Dam breached under order; no damages reported; rebuilt in 1977.
Franklin	II	TIMBERLAKE NO. 1 DAM	1984	Drain pipe failed, but was repaired.
Geauga	П	BURTON LAKE DAM	1970s, 1997	Dam breached in the 1970s, and seepage boils were noted in 1997.
Geauga	II	PAW PAW LAKE DAM	1941	Dam failed and was rebuilt in 1941; no damage downstream was reported.
Geauga	II	KENSTON LAKE DAM	1970s	Downstream face slipped.
Hamilton	II	HERMITAGE CLUB LAKE DAM	1982	Intense storm resulted in dam overtopping; no damage downstream reported.
Licking	II	GOSS LAKE DAM	1990	Floodwaters caused partial failure of principal spillway; no damage downstream noted.
Licking	II	NEWARK LOW HEAD DAM	1959	Dam washed out in 1959, but was rebuilt.
Medina	II	RPM LAKE DAM	1998	Principal spillway failure; repairs made in 1998.
Portage	II	AURORA POND DAM	1985	Dam failed and was rebuilt around 1985.
Stark	II	MORELLI POND DAM	2003	Causeway breached due to a compromise in left end of dam; no damage downstream reported.
Stark	II	WILLOWDALE LAKE DAM	1923	Original dam failed and was rebuilt in 1924, with multiple repairs through the present.
Summit	II	VIRGINIA KENDALL PARK DAM	2003	Dam failure in late 1970s, and was overtopped in 2003; no damage downstream noted.

Summit	II	CAMP JULIA CROWELL LAKE DAM	2006	Severe erosion was noted on the left side of the emergency spillway.
Summit	П	LAKE FOREST DAM	2003	Dam experienced a flood of record in 2003; no damage downstream reported.
Summit	II	CITY OF HUDSON UPPER LAKE DAM	2003	Dam overtopped; no downstream damage noted.
Summit	II	CITY OF HUDSON LOWER LAKE DAM	2003	Dam overtopped; no downstream damage noted.
Trumbull	II	NEWTON FALLS LOW HEAD DAM	1988	Hole was noted in spillway.
Warren	II	WATER'S EDGE DAM	1993	Dam was rebuilt in 1993 after failure.

			Region 3	
Athens	I	ATHENS FISH AND GAME CLUB LAKE DAM	1975	Dam was deemed unsafe due to seepage and a slide and was breeched; no downstream damage reported. It was reconstructed in 1978.
Belmont	ı	ST. CLAIRSVILLE RESERVOIR NO. 2 DAM	1980	A sinkhole was noted in the upstream slope.
Belmont	ı	BARNESVILLE LAKE DAM	2005	A shallow slide was noted on the downstream slope.
Belmont	1	MEIGS-PHILLIPS I NO. 1 DAM	2004	Severe erosion was noted in the emergency spillway.
Brown	ı	RUSSELLVILLE RESERVOIR DAM	1997	Dam was overtopped; no damage noted downstream.
Columbiana	ı	GUILFORD LAKE DAM	1852	Dam breached; no downstream damage noted.
Guernsey	ı	LUBURGH LAKE DAM	1979	A downstream slope slide was noted and repaired.
Guernsey	ı	SALT FORK LAKE DAM	1998	Dam overtopped; no downstream damage noted.
Hocking	ı	LAKE LOGAN DAM	1950	Dam was breached upon initial filling; no damage downstream noted. Dam was redesigned in 1952 and rebuilt in 1954.
Hocking	ı	LAKE OF THE FOUR SEASONS DAM	2013	Upstream slope earth slide.
Jackson	I	WELLSTON RESERVOIR DAM	1937	A slide was noted.
Jackson	1	OAK HILL UPGROUND RESERVOIR	1986	Multiple slides were noted.
Jefferson	ı	JEFFERSON LAKE DAM	2004	Dam was within 0.5' of overtopping two times in one year.
Jefferson	I	WILLIAMS LAKE DAM	2004	Dam overtopped twice in same year; no damage downstream reported.
Morgan	ı	CROOKSVILLE RESERVOIR NO. 1 DAM	1950	Dam noted as probably overtopping; no damage downstream indicated.
Morgan	ı	CROOKSVILLE RESERVOIR NO. 2 DAM	1984	Slide was noted in the downstream slope, and was fixed.
Perry	1	SHELTON LAKE DAM	1990	Dam overtopped; no downstream damage noted.
Perry	1	ALTIERS LAKE DAM	2004	Flood event resulted in pool being 3-4' above normal; dam did not overtop.
Pike	1	LAKE WHITE DAM	1964, 1994	Dam overtopped in 1964 and 1994; no damage downstream reported.
Ross	1	CALDWELL LAKE DAM	1994	Sink hole was noted and repaired.
Ross	1	KNOLES POND DAM	1979	Lake was drained for repairs.
Scioto	ı	ROOSEVELT LAKE DAM	1997	Dam overtopped; no downstream damage noted.
Athens	II	RAINBOW LAKE DAM	1979	Slide was noted in the downstream slope near right abutment, and was fixed.
Carroll	II	ROHR DAM	1975	Failure indicated at right end of dam; no damage downstream reported.
Carroll	II	BOY SCOUT DAM	1984	Upstream slope failed during construction.
Clermont	II	BECKJORD ASH POND C DAM	1999	Elbow of pipe and riser collapsed.
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Columbiana	II	WESTVILLE LAKE DAM	1980, 1982, 1994	Breach in the south dike indicated in 1980; another breach indicated in 1982; portion of replacement spillway washed out during construction in 1994. No damage downstream was reported.
Columbiana	II	SEVAKEEN COUNTRY CLUB LAKE DAM	1930s	Dam breached and rebuilt; no downstream damage noted.
Columbiana	II	SLATES LAKE DAM	1965	Dam failed during initial filling of lake due to seepage around spillway pipe; no damage downstream indicated.
Columbiana	II	WOODLAND LAKE DAM	2003	Dam overtopped; no downstream damage noted.
Columbiana	I	Buckeye Water District Reservoir	2008	
Harrison	П	SELESKI LAKE NO. 2 DAM	1989	Dam overtopped at left end; no damage downstream reported.
Jefferson	II	LAKE HENRY DAM	1993	Original principal spillway was blocked.
Lawrence	II	SMITH HOLLOW DAM	1989	Spillway failed; no damage downstream reported.
Morgan	II	MUSKINGUM RIVER LOCK AND DAM NO. 7	1959	Dam failed in 1959; no damage downstream reported.
Muskingum	Ш	MUSKINGUM RIVER LOCK AND DAM NO. 10	1951	Dam failed in 1951; no damage downstream reported.
Perry	II	MERKLE DAM	1972	Dam washed out but was rebuilt in 1972.
Perry	Ш	TECUMSEH LAKE DAM	1990	Dam was overtopped by 1-2'; no damage downstream was reported.
Scioto	Ш	ELKS COUNTRY CLUB LAKE DAM	1980	33' long slide on the downstream slope; repaired, but slipped again.
Scioto	II	LAKE MARGARET DAM	1997	Dam overtopped in 1997, but repaired in 2002. No damage downstream noted.
Tuscarawas	1	SUGARCREEK SPORTSMAN CLUB Dam	2010	Seepage.
Washington	II	CHOPPER'S LAKE DAM	1994	Dam breached due to heavy rainfall with erosion of earth adjacent to spillway; no downstream damage noted.

Source: ODNR—Division of Water Resources, Dam Safety Program, Dam Inventory Data.

PROBABILITY OF OCCURRENCE

From 1852 to 2014, there were 103 documented Class I and II dam incidents/failures that were generally minor and resulted in little property damage (Table 2.6.f). Based on these figures, there is a 64% (103 incidents/162 years observed) annual chance of Class I/II dam incident/failure in any given year.

There are no documented instances of levee breaches whereby structures or properties were damaged in Ohio as such data are generally unavailable and undocumented. This does not mean that there is a zero percent chance of levee failure within the state, but more effort needs to be exerted in the collection of such data in order to produce a more accurate probability statement. For reasons previously mentioned, and some of which are uncontrollable by humans, it is possible a dam or levee can fail at any time, given the right circumstances. However, the probability of future occurrence is reduced due to proactive preventative action on the part of ODNR, DSP and individual dam and levee owners. As previously discussed in this section, the DSP provides oversight to dam/levee repairs, oversees and issues construction permits, enforces safety standards and mandates, conducts periodic safety inspections, and provides public information to levee owners, engineers, and the general public. This proactive approach to managing dam and levee safety in Ohio reduces the number of losses to property and life as a result of dam or levee failures or near failures.

VULNERABILITY ANALYSIS & LOSS ESTIMATION

DAMS - METHODOLOGY

Ideally all dams in the State of Ohio would have inundation mapping performed so dam safety officials, local officials, and first responders would be aware of the risk. Per Ohio Administrative Code 1501:21-15-07 all Class I dam owners must provide an inundation study and map along with their EAP. While, voluntary compliance is not at 100%, the DSP has a relative idea of the impacts of dam failure and many of these dams do have an approved EAP complete with inundation mapping. See Table 2.6.g for a listing of Class I Dams and their EAP Status. As of December 2019, over 230 Class I Dams with EAPs have inundation studies and inundation maps to help identify downstream risk.

Under Ohio Revised Code 149.433(a) Class I dams are considered infrastructure and information regarding the safety of infrastructure cannot be distributed to unauthorized personnel due to security concerns. This means inundation maps and EAPs cannot be widely distributed, such as through public information requests. However, local EMAs and DSP are copy holders of the EAPs for all dams.

Ohio Class I Dam with EAP Status NID Number Name County **EAP Status** Region 1 OH01127 KILLEN STATION ASH DISPOSAL DIKE **ADAMS** Cursory OH03174 WILLIAMS RESERVOIR ALLEN **Approved** OH00077 STROMAN LAKE DAM **CHAMPAIGN Approved DEFIANCE POWER DAM DEFIANCE** OH00385 Approved OH01944 PINE LAKE DAM **LOGAN Not Approved UPPER WABASH STRUCTURE NO. 3 DAM** MERCER OH00579 Approved OH03201 FREMONT UPGROUND RESERVOIR **SANDUSKY Approved**

Table 2.6.g

OH02768	PROVIDENCE DAM	WOOD	Approved
OH02769	GRAND RAPIDS DAM	WOOD	Approved
OH00980	BRIARWOOD SPORTSMAN'S CLUB NO. 11 DAM	LOGAN	Not Approved
OH00791	ARCHBOLD UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 1	FULTON	Approved
OH00420	DELTA RESERVOIR NO. 1	FULTON	Not Approved
OH00153	BUCYRUS RESERVOIR NO. 3 DAM	CRAWFORD	Not Approved
OH00150	POWERS UPGROUND RESERVOIR	CRAWFORD	Cursory
OH01467	BUCYRUS UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 4	CRAWFORD	Not Approved
OH00704	CELERYVILLE UPGROUND RESERVOIR	CRAWFORD	Not Approved
OH02103	ECHO LAKE DAM	MIAMI	Approved
OH02104	FRANZ POND DAM	MIAMI	Approved
OH00151	BUCYRUS RESERVOIR NO. 1 DAM	CRAWFORD	Not Approved
OH01592	DELTA UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 2	FULTON	Not Approved
OH00222	HOLIDAY LAKE DAM	HURON	Approved
OH00217	GREENWICH RESERVOIR DAM	HURON	Not Approved
OH00952	NEW LONDON RESERVOIR	HURON	Approved
OH01977	COLLINS PARK WTP SLUDGE LAGOONS B & C	LUCAS	Approved
OH00804	BELLEVUE UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 1	HURON	Approved
OH00805	BELLEVUE UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 3	HURON	Approved
OH00806	BELLEVUE UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 4	HURON	Approved
OH00788	FOSTORIA UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 5	HANCOCK	Approved
OH00761	NORWALK MEMORIAL RESERVOIR	HURON	Approved
OH00762	NORWALK UPPER RESERVOIR	HURON	Approved
OH00763	NORWALK LOWER RESERVOIR	HURON	Approved
OH00775	WILLARD CITY UPGROUND RESERVOIR	HURON	Approved
OH00789	WAUSEON UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 2	FULTON	Approved
OH00515	SWIFT RUN LAKE DAM	MIAMI	Approved
OH01058	OTTAWA UPGROUND RESERVOIR	PUTNAM	Approved
OH00259	ADAMS LAKE DAM	ADAMS	Approved
OH00792	ARCHBOLD UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 2	FULTON	Approved
OH03148	DELPHOS RESERVOIR DAM	VAN WERT	Approved
ОН00783	McCOMB UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 1	HANCOCK	Approved
OH01089	McCOMB UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 2	HANCOCK	Approved
OH00382	LAKE SENECA DAM	WILLIAMS	Cursory
OH02767	BOWLING GREEN UPGROUND RES & SLUDGE LGNS	WOOD	Approved
OH00785	LAKE LAMBERJACK UPGROUND RESERVOIR	HANCOCK	Approved
OH00787	LAKE MOTTRAM UPGROUND RESERVOIR	HANCOCK	Approved
OH00476	PAULDING UPGROUND RESERVOIR	PAULDING	Not Approved
OH00469	BEAVER CREEK UPGROUND RESERVOIR	SENECA	Approved
OH03137	ATTICA UPGROUND RESERVOIR #2	SENECA	Approved
OH00525	BRESLER UPGROUND RESERVOIR	ALLEN	Approved

OH00154	PARADISE LAKES - NORTH LAKE DAM	PREBLE	Not Approved
OH00155	PARADISE LAKES - SOUTH LAKE DAM	PREBLE	Not Approved
OH00754	RACCOON CREEK UPGROUND RESERVOIR	SANDUSKY	Approved
OH00444	CLARK LAKE DAM	CLARK	Approved
OH00159	FOUR EAGLES LAKE DAM	PREBLE	Approved
OH00434	RUSH RUN LAKE DAM	PREBLE	Approved
OH00784	LAKE MOSIER UPGROUND RESERVOIR	HANCOCK	Approved
OH00156	LAKE LAKENGREN DAM	PREBLE	Cursory
OH00777	NORTH BALTIMORE UG RES NO. 1 & 2	WOOD	Approved
OH02730	VETERANS MEMORIAL RESERVOIR	HANCOCK	Not Approved
OH00768	VAN WERT UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 1	VAN WERT	Not Approved
OH00522	LOST CREEK UPGROUND RESERVOIR	ALLEN	Approved
OH00581	GRAND LAKE ST. MARYS - EAST EMBANKMENT	AUGLAIZE	Cursory
OH03143	DEFIANCE UPGROUND RESERVOIR	DEFIANCE	Approved
OH00391	LOCKINGTON DAM	SHELBY	Approved
OH00580	GRAND LAKE ST. MARYS - WEST EMBANKMENT	MERCER	Cursory
OH03144	VAN WERT UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 3	VAN WERT	Approved
OH00442	LAKE LORAMIE DAM	SHELBY	Approved
OH00758	FINDLAY UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 1	HANCOCK	Approved
OH00782	FINDLAY UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 2	HANCOCK	Approved
OH00520	FERGUSON UPGROUND RESERVOIR	ALLEN	Approved
OH00521	METZGER UPGROUND RESERVOIR	ALLEN	Approved
OH00596	INDIAN LAKE DAM	LOGAN	Cursory
*N/A	HOWARD FARM DAM	LUCAS	Approved

NID Number	Name	County	EAP Status			
	Region 2					
OH01144	ARTESIAN LAKE DAM	ASHLAND	Not Approved			
OH00392	LOWER JEFFCO LAKE DAM	ASHTABULA	Not Approved			
ОН00396	CAMP WHITEWOOD LAKE DAM	ASHTABULA	Not Approved			
OH00938	HOLIDAY CAMPLANDS LAKE DAM	ASHTABULA	Approved			
OH01292	STONEGATE POND DAM	BUTLER	Cursory			
OH02911	FAIRFIELD DETENTION "A" DAM	BUTLER	Approved			
OH02920	FAIRFIELD DETENTION "C" DAM	BUTLER	Approved			
OH01013	CLINTON COUNTY TRIBUTARY NO. 4 DAM	CLINTON	Approved			
OH01014	CLINTON COUNTY TRIBUTARY NO. 1 DAM	CLINTON	Approved			
OH00352	LOWER SHAKER LAKE DAM	CUYAHOGA	Cursory			
OH00353	UPPER SHAKER LAKE DAM	CUYAHOGA	Cursory			
OH02943	KERRUISH STORMWATER CONTROL FACILITY DAM	CUYAHOGA	Not Approved			
OH00918	FOREST HILL PARK DAM NO. 2	CUYAHOGA	Not Approved			
ОН00945	LAKEVIEW CEMETERY FLOOD CONTROL DAM	CUYAHOGA	Approved			

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OH03191	JOHN R. DOUTT UPGROUND RESERVOIR	DELAWARE	Approved
OH01522	HORACE TROOP POND DAM	DELAWARE	Not Approved
OH02899	HUNTERS RUN STRUCTURE R-42	FAIRFIELD	Cursory
OH00725	RUSHCREEK STRUCTURE NO. V-C	FAIRFIELD	Approved
OH02848	TARHE DRY DAM	FAIRFIELD	Approved
OH00719	HUNTERS RUN STRUCTURE NO. 4	FAIRFIELD	Cursory
OH00718	HUNTERS RUN STRUCTURE NO. 3	FAIRFIELD	Cursory
OH00721	HUNTERS RUN STRUCTURE NO. 6	FAIRFIELD	Cursory
OH00722	HUNTERS RUN STRUCTURE NO. 8	FAIRFIELD	Cursory
OH00714	HUNTERS RUN STRUCTURE NO. 9	FAIRFIELD	Cursory
OH01005	SCHLOSS POND DAM	GEAUGA	Cursory
OH00426	HUFFMAN DAM	GREENE	Cursory
OH00346	LAKE VIERING DAM	KNOX	Not Approved
OH02833	HOOSE ROAD RETENTION DAM	LAKE	Approved
OH02010	CHIPPEWA CREEK STRUCTURE III-A	MEDINA	Approved
OH01085	CHIPPEWA CREEK STRUCTURE VIII-C	MEDINA	Approved
OH00425	GERMANTOWN DAM	MONTGOMERY	Approved
OH00427	TAYLORSVILLE DAM	MONTGOMERY	Approved
OH00431	ENGLEWOOD DAM	MONTGOMERY	Approved
OH00689	MOUNT GILEAD LOWER LAKE DAM	MORROW	Approved
OH00670	TUCAWAY LAKE DAM	PORTAGE	Not Approved
OH03146	MARATHON BRINE POND DAM	STARK	Approved
OH00481	GORGE PLANT DAM	SUMMIT	Approved
OH02471	SILVER CREEK LAKE DAM	SUMMIT	Approved
OH03185	ZIMBER DITCH DETENTION BASIN B	SUMMIT	Approved
OH03166	MARYSVILLE UPGROUND RESERVOIR	UNION	Approved
OH00553	SHAKER RUN DAM	WARREN	Approved
OH00727	RUSHCREEK STRUCTURE NO. VII-E	FAIRFIELD	Cursory
OH00365	MONT-MERE LAKE DAM	GEAUGA	Approved
OH00438	FINDLEY LAKE DAM	LORAIN	Approved
OH01191	NAJI LAKE DAM	ASHTABULA	Not Approved
OH03173	TIMBER LAKE LIBERTY DAM	DELAWARE	Not Approved
OH01077	RUSHCREEK STRUCTURE NO. VI-D	FAIRFIELD	Cursory
OH01621	LAKE-IN-THE-WOODS DAM	GEAUGA	Cursory
OH01629	SHADOW HILL LAKE DAM	GEAUGA	Not Approved
OH01648	DOMINICK LOFINO PARK LAKE DAM	GREENE	Cursory
OH00616	SIEDEL LAKE DAM	MEDINA	Approved
OH01081	BLUE HERON LAKE NO. 1 DAM	MEDINA	Cursory
OH02129	NEWFIELDS DEVELOPMENT LAKE DAM	MONTGOMERY	Approved
OH02729	HICKORY HILLS PARK LAKE DAM	PORTAGE	Not Approved
OH02853	SHELBY UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 3	RICHLAND	Approved
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OH02437	LORDS LAKE DAM	STARK	Cursory
ОН00479	COMET LAKE DAM	SUMMIT	Cursory
OH02472	STEEPLECHASE LAKE DAM	SUMMIT	Not Approved
OH00547	LILLEY LAKE DAM	WARREN	Not Approved
OH00532	CLASSICWAY FARM LAKE DAM	WARREN	Not Approved
ОН00686	AMICKS UPGROUND RESERVOIR	MORROW	Cursory
ОН00407	ASHTABULA COUNTY OUTDOOR CLUB LAKE DAM	ASHTABULA	Approved
ОН00936	CHATEAU LAKES NO. 1 DAM	HAMILTON	Approved
ОН02907	WRIGHT FARM WEST DETENTION BASIN DAM	HAMILTON	Cursory
OH01483	BRIAR HILL LAKE DAM	CUYAHOGA	Cursory
OH02679	RUSHCREEK STRUCTURE NO. VII-A	FAIRFIELD	Cursory
OH00358	LAKE LUCERNE DAM	GEAUGA	Cursory
OH00359	TANGLEWOOD LAKE DAM	GEAUGA	Not Approved
OH00991	SHARONVILLE RETENTION DAM	HAMILTON	Approved
OH03050	ASTON OAKS LAKE DAM	HAMILTON	Approved
OH01703	LINCOLN HEIGHTS UPGROUND RESERVOIR	HAMILTON	Approved
OH03205	LAKE DAMASCUS DAM	KNOX	Not Approved
OH00614	BLUE HERON LAKE NO. 5 DAM	MEDINA	Cursory
OH00191	KREIS DAM	HAMILTON	Approved
OH00489	LAKE BUTLER DAM	SUMMIT	Approved
OH00933	LAKE LITCHFIELD DAM	SUMMIT	Approved
OH01294	SWAN LAKE DAM	BUTLER	Approved
OH00967	BLANCHESTER RESERVOIR NO. 3 DAM	CLINTON	Not Approved
OH01564	RUSHCREEK STRUCTURE NO. VI-A	FAIRFIELD	Cursory
OH00807	CEDARVILLE UPGROUND RESERVOIR	GREENE	Not Approved
OH02713	RIDGEWOOD LAKE DAM	MEDINA	Not Approved
OH00622	LAKE MEDINA DAM	MEDINA	Approved
OH00607	RUSTIC HILLS LAKE DAM	MEDINA	Approved
OH03057	BRYE LAKE DAM	MEDINA	Not Approved
OH00423	LAKE MARINOLE DAM	MONTGOMERY	Approved
*N/A	CAMP SPELMAN LAKE DAM	PORTAGE	Not Approved
OH02854	SWAN LAKE DAM	SUMMIT	Not Approved
OH01874	BRIGHTWOOD LAKE DAM	LAKE	Approved
OH01622	LOECY POND DAM	GEAUGA	Not Approved
OH00542	PINE HILL LAKE DAM	WARREN	Approved
OH00736	THOREAU POND DAM	FRANKLIN	Approved
ОН02990	WILLOWAY UPGROUND NO. 5 DAM	LORAIN	Approved
OH00487	LOYAL OAK LAKE DAM	SUMMIT	Approved
OH01487	HOLLENBECK LAKE DAM	CUYAHOGA	Not Approved
OH00621	HINCKLEY LAKE DAM	MEDINA	Approved
OH00623	LAKE BRUNSWICK DAM	MEDINA	Approved

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OH00540	LANDEN FARM LAKE DAM	WARREN	Approved
OH00177	CHARYLIE'S LAKE DAM	BUTLER	Not Approved
ОН00206	LAKE SHAWNEE DAM	GREENE	Approved
ОН00068	LAKE CHOCTAW DAM	MADISON	Approved
OH01856	KNOX CATTLE COMPANY DAM	KNOX	Not Approved
ОН00600	RAVENS WOOD LAKE DAM	MEDINA	Approved
OH02737	LEXINGTON GLEN DAM	DELAWARE	Cursory
OH03109	BLANCHESTER RES NO. 6 DAM	CLINTON	Approved
OH01513	DEL-CO UPLAND STORAGE RESERVOIR NO. 2	DELAWARE	Approved
OH02882	DEL-CO UPLAND STORAGE RESERVOIR NO. 3	DELAWARE	Approved
OH02886	DEL-CO UPLAND STORAGE RESERVOIR NO. 4	DELAWARE	Approved
OH00755	EAST BRANCH RESERVOIR DAM	GEAUGA	Approved
OH02286	BRIMFIELD LAKE DAM	PORTAGE	Not Approved
OH03044	CHARBONNEAU LAKE DAM	SUMMIT	Approved
OH02594	REMICK LAKE DAM	WARREN	Not Approved
OH00174	ROSS TRAILS LAKE DAM	BUTLER	Approved
OH00533	SUNRISE LAKE DAM	WARREN	Approved
OH00948	PINE LAKE ESTATES DAM	FAIRFIELD	Approved
OH00781	BLANCHESTER RESERVOIR NO. 4 DAM	CLINTON	Not Approved
OH00812	SUNBURY UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 1	DELAWARE	Approved
OH02086	SALERNO LAKE DAM	MEDINA	Not Approved
OH00428	SPRING LAKE DAM	MONTGOMERY	Not Approved
OH00688	CANDLEWOOD LAKE DAM	MORROW	Approved
OH02470	RESERVOIR PARK UPGROUND	SUMMIT	Cursory
OH00747	SUNBURY UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 2	DELAWARE	Approved
OH03066	DEL-CO UPLAND STORAGE RESERVOIR NO. 5	DELAWARE	Approved
OH00615	SEVEN SPRINGS LAKE DAM	MEDINA	Cursory
OH00485	TUSCARAWAS RIVER DIVERSION DAM	SUMMIT	Approved
OH00095	CINNAMON LAKE DAM	ASHLAND	Approved
OH00638	KNOX LAKE DAM	KNOX	Approved
OH00112	OBERLIN UPGROUND RESERVOIR	LORAIN	Approved
OH00778	CLEAR FORK RESERVOIR DAM	RICHLAND	Approved
OH00748	WESTERVILLE RESERVOIR DAM	DELAWARE	Approved
OH00241	DALE WALBORN RESERVOIR DAM	STARK	Cursory
OH00774	WELLINGTON UPGROUND RESERVOIR	LORAIN	Approved
OH00584	NIMISILA RESERVOIR DAM	SUMMIT	Approved
OH00764	WILMINGTON UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 1	CLINTON	Approved
OH00752	CAMP GREENWOOD LAKE DAM	DELAWARE	Approved
OH00627	WASHINGTON COURT HOUSE UG NO. 1 DAM	FAYETTE	Cursory
OH00236	LAKE CABLE DAM	STARK	Approved
OH00486	LAKE DOROTHY DAM	SUMMIT	Approved

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OH00292	BELMONT LAKE DAM	BELMONT	Approved
ОН01099	THE OHIO VALLEY COAL SLURRY DISPOSAL DAM	BELMONT	Approved
OH01002	MOUNT ORAB UPGROUND RESERVOIR NO. 2	BROWN	Approved
OH01249	FAYETTEVILLE HIGH SCHOOL LAKE DAM	BROWN	Not Approved
OH00162	LAKE WAYNOKA DAM	BROWN	Approved
OH00462	PUSKARICH LAKE DAM	CARROLL	Cursory
OH00459	VO-ASH LAKE DAM	CARROLL	Approved
OH00467	LAKE MOHAWK DAM	CARROLL	Approved
OH01358	GALLEY HILL LAKE DAM	CLERMONT	Approved
OH03032	EQUINUS (LEGENDARY RUN) LAKE DAM	CLERMONT	Approved
OH00271	CLERMONT GOLF LIMITED LAKE DAM	CLERMONT	Cursory
ОН03006	MARGE SCHOTT LAKE DAM	CLERMONT	Approved
OH01391	WILLOWBROOK LAKE DAM	CLERMONT	Approved
OH00269	STONELICK LAKE DAM	CLERMONT	Approved
OH00315	LAKE TOMAHAWK DAM	COLUMBIANA	Approved
OH03145	BUCKEYE WATER DISTRICT RESERVOIR	COLUMBIANA	Approved
OH00321	SALEM RESERVOIR (SOUTH EMBANKMENT)	COLUMBIANA	Approved
ОН00307	WELLSVILLE RESERVOIR DAM	COLUMBIANA	Approved
OH00322	SPRING VALLEY PARK LAKE DAM	COLUMBIANA	Approved
ОН00635	HIGHLANDTOWN LAKE DAM	COLUMBIANA	Approved
ОН00636	GUILFORD LAKE DAM	COLUMBIANA	Approved
OH00583	SIX-MILE DAM	COSHOCTON	Cursory
ОН00038	SUNSET LAKE DAM	COSHOCTON	Approved
OH00285	RIO GRANDE RESERVOIR	GALLIA	Not Approved
OH00283	TYCOON LAKE DAM	GALLIA	Approved
OH00971	GAVIN BOTTOM ASH POND	GALLIA	Cursory
ОН00919	STINGY RUN FLY ASH DAM	GALLIA	Not Approved
OH00051	INDIAN LAKES REC. AREA LOWER LAKE DAM	GUERNSEY	Not Approved
ОН00053	LUBURGH LAKE DAM	GUERNSEY	Approved
OH00433	SALT FORK LAKE DAM	GUERNSEY	Approved
ОН00879	STEVENS LAKE DAM	HARRISON	Not Approved
ОН00896	VARKONY POND DAM	HARRISON	Not Approved
OH00141	SALLY BUFFALO PARK LAKE DAM	HARRISON	Cursory
ОН01736	SALLY BUFFALO PARK LAKE NO. 4 DAM	HARRISON	Not Approved
OH01111	SALLY BUFFALO PARK LAKE NO. 2 DAM	HARRISON	Not Approved
OH00129	GEORGETOWN PLANT FRESHWATER DAM	HARRISON	Not Approved
OH00302	ROCKY FORK LAKE DAM	HIGHLAND	Approved
OH01764	HOLIDAY HAVEN LAKE DAM I	HOCKING	Cursory
OH00251	LAKE OF THE FOUR SEASONS DAM	HOCKING	Cursory
OH00260	LAKE LOGAN DAM	HOCKING	Approved
OH00249	OLD MAN'S CAVE LAKE DAM	HOCKING	Approved

OH00065	BETHANY LAKE DAM	HOLMES	Cursory
OH00063	LAKE BUCKHORN DAM	HOLMES	Approved
OH01807	FAIRGREENS GOLF CLUB DAM	JACKSON	Not Approved
OH00813	WELLSTON RESERVOIR DAM	JACKSON	Not Approved
OH00642	JACKSON LAKE DAM	JACKSON	Approved
OH00508	JISCO LAKE DAM	JACKSON	Approved
OH00507	HAMMERTOWN LAKE DAM	JACKSON	Approved
OH00920	CARDINAL FLY ASH NO. 1 DAM	JEFFERSON	Approved
OH00123	FRIENDSHIP PARK LAKE DAM	JEFFERSON	Approved
OH00121	PINE VALLEY SPORTSMEN'S LAKE NO. 4 DAM	JEFFERSON	Not Approved
OH00497	JEFFERSON LAKE DAM	JEFFERSON	Approved
OH00862	BASICH LAKE DAM	JEFFERSON	Cursory
OH01826	CARDINAL FLY ASH NO. 2 DAM	JEFFERSON	Approved
OH00707	LAKE AUSTIN DAM	JEFFERSON	Approved
OH00953	IZAAK WALTON LAKE DAM	LAWRENCE	Not Approved
OH00145	WALLER LAKE DAM	LAWRENCE	Not Approved
OH00632	PINE LAKE DAM	MAHONING	Approved
OH03105	YOUNGSTOWN UPGROUND RESERVOIR	MAHONING	Approved
OH00629	LAKE HAMILTON DAM	MAHONING	Approved
OH00628	McKELVEY LAKE DAM	MAHONING	Approved
OH00631	EVANS LAKE DAM	MAHONING	Approved
OH00419	LAKE MILTON DAM	MAHONING	Approved
OH00440	FORKED RUN LAKE DAM	MEIGS	Approved
OH02094	MEIGS MINE NO. 1 SLURRY IMPOUNDMENT	MEIGS	Cursory
OH00441	MONROE LAKE DAM	MONROE	Approved
OH03177	WOODSFIELD RESERVOIR DAM NO. 3	MONROE	Not Approved
OH00837	OHIO POWER COMPANY POND MM-62 DAM	MORGAN	Approved
ОН00696	MUSKINGUM RIVER LOCK AND DAM NO. 6	MORGAN	Cursory
OH00279	CROOKSVILLE RESERVOIR NO. 1 DAM	MORGAN	Not Approved
OH00280	CROOKSVILLE RESERVOIR NO. 2 DAM	MORGAN	Not Approved
OH02226	ZANESVILLE STATE NURSERY LAKE DAM	MUSKINGUM	Approved
OH00055	DEER LAKE DAM	MUSKINGUM	Not Approved
OH02190	MUSKINGUM COLLEGE LAKE DAM	MUSKINGUM	Approved
OH00841	INTERNATIONAL ANIMAL PRESERVE POND DAM #10	MUSKINGUM	Approved
OH00061	BLUE ROCK LAKE DAM	MUSKINGUM	Approved
OH03060	CLINE LAKE DAM	NOBLE	Approved
OH00708	CALDWELL LAKE DAM	NOBLE	Approved
OH00437	WOLF RUN LAKE DAM	NOBLE	Approved
OH02243	ALLEN NO. 1 DAM	PERRY	Not Approved
OH00660	RUSHCREEK STRUCTURE NO. III-A	PERRY	Cursory
OH02254	RUSHCREEK STRUCTURE NO. IV-C	PERRY	Cursory
	•	•	•

ОН03076	RUSHCREEK STRUCTURE NO. III-C	PERRY	Cursory
OH00649	ALTIERS LAKE DAM	PERRY	Not Approved
OH00648	SAN TOY DAM	PERRY	Approved
OH00661	GLASS ROCK LAKE DAM	PERRY	Cursory
ОН00655	PERRY RECLAMATION DAM NO. 3	PERRY	Approved
OH00653	RUSH CREEK STRUCTURE NO. 1-B	PERRY	Cursory
ОН00798	NEW LEXINGTON RESERVOIR DAM	PERRY	Not Approved
ОН00198	LONG'S RETREAT LAKE DAM	PIKE	Approved
ОН00446	LAKE WHITE DAM	PIKE	Approved
ОН00200	PIKE LAKE DAM	PIKE	Approved
OH02277	ARNETT LAKE DAM	PIKE	Not Approved
OH00197	CAVE LAKE DAM	PIKE	Approved
OH02356	BROWN & HASKINS LAKE DAM	ROSS	Cursory
ОН00025	WHITE TURKEY LAKE DAM	ROSS	Approved
OH00075	LAKE HILL DAM	ROSS	Not Approved
OH00443	ROSS LAKE DAM	ROSS	Approved
ОН00766	SOUTHERN SILICA POND NO. 1 DAM	ROSS	Cursory
ОН00767	SOUTHERN SILICA POND NO. 2 DAM	ROSS	Not Approved
ОН00024	STEWART LAKE DAM	ROSS	Approved
OH00023	CALDWELL LAKE DAM	ROSS	Approved
ОН00498	BEAR CREEK LAKE DAM	SCIOTO	Approved
OH02376	KINSKEY LAKE DAM	SCIOTO	Not Approved
OH02390	WOLFDEN LAKE DAM	SCIOTO	Approved
OH02385	POND LICK LAKE DAM	SCIOTO	Approved
ОН00291	BIG BEAR LAKE DAM	SCIOTO	Not Approved
OH00644	TURKEY CREEK LAKE DAM	SCIOTO	Approved
OH00286	ROOSEVELT LAKE DAM	SCIOTO	Approved
OH00336	PLEASANT VALLEY LAKE DAM	TRUMBULL	Not Approved
ОН00634	UPPER GIRARD LAKE DAM	TRUMBULL	Approved
ОН00337	MINERAL RIDGE DAM	TRUMBULL	Approved
OH02525	SUGARCREEK SPORTSMAN CLUB LAKE DAM	TUSCARAWAS	Not Approved
OH02523	SLEEPY HOLLOW LAKE DAM	TUSCARAWAS	Cursory
ОН00074	LAKE ALMA DAM	VINTON	Approved
ОН00073	LAKE RUPERT DAM	VINTON	Approved
OH02839	SANDS HILL SLURRY IMPOUNDMENT DAM	VINTON	Not Approved
OH00445	VETO LAKE DAM	WASHINGTON	Approved
OH00973	MUSKINGUM RIVER LOWER FLY ASH DAM	WASHINGTON	Approved
OH00972	MUSKINGUM RIVER MIDDLE FLY ASH DAM	WASHINGTON	Approved
OH01100	ERAMET WASTE RETENTION DAM	WASHINGTON	Approved
OH00989	MUSKINGUM RIVER UPPER FLY ASH DAM	WASHINGTON	Approved
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Source: Ohio Department of Natural Resources Dam Safety Program, December 2019.
*Dams that have been recently added to the inventory do not have an NID yet.

Assessing the hazard that a dam poses to downstream areas can be divided into three analyses: (1) analysis of an uncontrolled release of the reservoir, (2) analysis of the inundation from the uncontrolled release, and (3) analysis of the consequence of the release. In other words, a dam fails, the failure causes flooding downstream, and the flooding has negative impacts on people or property. Each of these analyses includes substantial uncertainty. Legitimate estimates of discharge from a breach can differ by over 200%. Discharge from a dam breach is usually several times the one percent-annual-chance flood, and, therefore, typical flood studies are of limited use in estimating the extent of flooding. Dam failure inundation studies require specialized hydraulic modeling software and experience. Determining the impact of flooding is also difficult to accomplish, especially for estimating loss of life. Loss of life is a function of the time of day, warning time, awareness of those affected, and failure scenario. Many dam safety agencies have used "population at risk" (PAR), a more quantifiable measurement of the impact to human life, rather than "loss of life." PAR is the number of people in structures within the inundation area that would be subject to significant, personal danger, if they took no action to evacuate.

Another factor in assessing the hazard that a dam poses is the dam's condition. Assessing the condition of a dam can be an extensive and expensive process. ODNR's Dam Safety Program inspects all regulated dams once every 5 years. As part of that inspection, the dam's history is reviewed including original construction plans, previous inspection reports, investigations and studies, "Operation, Maintenance, and Inspection Manuals", "Emergency Action Plans", calculations, and any other available information. During the inspection, an assessment of the downstream area is made to verify the classification of the dam. If the inspection, combined with the dam's history and potential downstream impacts, reveal concerns with the dam's condition, the DSP takes enforcement action through the Ohio Attorney General's office as needed.

As mentioned at the beginning of this section, emergency managers usually categorize dam failures as either sunny-day failures or rainy-day failures. Sunny day failures occur during a non-flooding situation with the reservoir near normal pool level. Rainy day failures usually involve periods of rainfall and flooding. Improper design of a spillway or careless operation of gates during high flows can lead to excessive water pressure and subsequent failure as well. Even though both types of failures can be disastrous, it can be assumed that a sunny day failure would be more catastrophic due to its unanticipated occurrence and the lack of time to warn residents downstream.

The impacts of a dam failure are contingent on many factors and, therefore, cannot be concisely described. In the mid the 2000's the DSP program incorporated an assessment to estimate a dam's risk to infrastructure and population at risk. The assessment looks at sunny day and rainy-day failures to categorize if infrastructure (roads, structures, water treatment facilities, etc.) would be damaged. Infrastructure damage categorization is as follows: "low" 1-3 impacted, "medium" 10-50 impacted, "high" 51-150 impacted, and "very high" over 150 impacted. This assessment also estimates a PAR that ranges from 0 – 10,000. For the sake of displaying in table 2.6.h PAR is categorized in the following way: "low" is less than 100 people, "medium" is 101-200 people, and "high" is more than 200 people. This assessment is revisited when a dam is inspected as part of the 5-year inspection cycle. Table 2.6.h contains rough estimates of the downstream impacts of dam failures for the Class I dams that have an estimated Sunny Day PAR greater than 50. The condition of the dams in table 2.6.h is not a factor of the estimated damage or PAR levels. Because of the uncertainty of determining precisely who and what will be impacted by a dam failure, a scale was developed by the DSP to categorize dams based on their estimated impact to lives and structures downstream. The "Very high, high, medium, and low" scale is based on the PAR and was

developed using experience with flood modeling, aerial photographs, field observations, and engineering judgment. The Damage and PAR levels are periodically updated by DSP staff as new data is obtained.

DAMS – RESULTS

Table 2.6.h

Class I	Class I Dams, Estimated Downstream Damage Level and Estimated Population At-Risk (PAR) by County					
	Region 1					
County	Dam	Sunny Day Infrastructure Damage Level	Sunny Day PAR Level	Rainy Day Infrastructure Damage Level	Rainy Day PAR Level	
Allen	Ferguson Upground Reservoir	High	Medium	Very High	Medium	
Allen	Metzger Upground Reservoir	Medium	Medium	Very High	Medium	
Allen	Lost Creek Upground Reservoir	Medium	Low	Medium	Low	
Crawford	Bucyrus Reservoir No. 1 Dam	Medium	Low	Medium	Low	
Hancock	Veterans Memorial Reservoir	Medium	Low	Medium	Low	
Huron	Willard City Upground Reservoir	Medium	Low	Medium	Low	
Huron	Norwalk Memorial Reservoir	High	Low	High	Low	
Huron	Norwalk Upper Reservoir – Erosion and drainage repairs completed in 2012.	High	Low	High	Low	
Huron	Norwalk Lower Reservoir	High	Low	High	Low	
Shelby	Lockington Dam – Extensive dam foundation repairs completed in 2012.		Low	Very High	Medium	
Shelby	Lake Loramie Dam – Extensive spillway improvements completed in 2018.	Medium	Low	Medium	Low	

Region 2								
County	Dam	Sunny Day Infrastructure Damage Level	Sunny Day PAR Level	Rainy Day Infrastructure Damage Level	Rainy Day PAR Level			
Butler	Fairfield Detention "A" Dam		Low	Medium	Low			
Butler	Fairfield Detention "C" Dam		Low	Medium	Low			
Butler	Acton Lake Dam - Extensive dam repairs completed in approximately 2016.	High	Low	High	Low			
Clinton	Wilmington Upground Reservoir No. 2	Medium	Low	Medium	Low			
Cuyahoga	Lakeview Cemetery Flood Control Dam		Low	High	Medium			
Delaware	Alum Creek Upground Reservoir	High	Low	High	Low			
Delaware	O'Shaughnessy Reservoir Dam	Very High	Low	Very High	Low			
Franklin	Hoover Dam	Very High	High	Very High	High			
Franklin	Julian Griggs Dam	High	Low	High	Low			
Geauga	Bridge Creek Dam	Very High	Medium	Very High	Medium			
Greene	Huffman Dam		Low	Very High	Medium			
Knox	Apple Valley Lake Dam	High	Low	High	Low			
Licking	Buckeye Lake Dam – Extensive dam repairs were completed in 2019.	Very High	High	Very High	Medium			

Montgomery	Germantown Dam		Low	Very High	Medium
Montgomery	Taylorsville Dam		Low	Very High	Medium
Montgomery	Englewood Dam		Low	Very High	High
Portage	Mogadore Reservoir Dam	High	Medium	High	Medium
Portage	Lake Rockwell Dam	High	Medium	Very High	Medium
Richland	Clear Fork Reservoir Dam	Medium	Low	High	Medium
Summit	West Reservoir Dam – Extensive dam repairs completed in 2013.	High	Low	High	Low
Summit	Wolf Creek Dam	Very High	High	Very High	High
Summit	Tuscarawas River Diversion Dam – Extensive dam repairs completed in 2016.	Medium	Low	High	Low
Summit	North Reservoir Dam	Medium	Low	Medium	Low
Summit	East Reservoir Dam – extensive dam repairs are currently in construction expected to be completed in 2019.	Medium	Low	Medium	Low
Summit	Lake Dorothy Dam	Medium	Low	High	Low

		Region 3			
County	Dam	Sunny Day Infrastructure Damage Level	Sunny Day PAR Level	Rainy Day Infrastructure Damage Level	Rainy Day PAR Level
Ashtabula	Roaming Rock Shores Lake Dam	High	Medium	High	Medium
Belmont	Belmont Lake Dam	Medium	Low	High	Medium
Clermont	Stonelick Lake Dam	High	Medium	Medium	Low
Columbiana	Guilford Lake Dam	High	Medium	Medium	Low
Gallia	Gavin Bottom Ash Pond	Medium	Low	Medium	Low
Gallia	Stingy Run Fly Ash Dam	Very High	Medium	Very High	High
Guernsey	Salt Fork Lake Dam – dam repairs completed in 2012.	Very High	Medium	Very High	Medium
Highland	Rocky Fork Lake Dam	Very High	High	Very High	High
Holmes	Lake Buckhorn Dam	Medium	Low	Medium	Low
Jefferson	Cardinal Fly Ash No. 2 Dam	Very High	Low	Very High	Low
Jefferson	Lake Austin Dam – Extensive dam and spillway repairs completed in 2018.	High	Low	High	Low
Mahoning	Evans Lake Dam	High	Medium	Very High	Medium
Mahoning	McKelvey Lake Dam	High	Medium	High	Medium
Mahoning	Lake Hamilton Dam	Medium	Low	High	Low
Mahoning	Lake Milton Dam	Very High	High	Very High	High
Noble	Wolf Run Lake Dam	Very High	Medium	Very High	Medium
Noble	Caldwell Lake Dam	High	Medium	High	Medium
Scioto	Turkey Creek Lake Dam	High	Medium	Medium	Low
Trumbull	Mineral Ridge Dam	Very High	High	Very High	High
Washington	Eramet Waste Retention Dam	High	Medium	High	Medium

Source: Ohio Department of Natural Resources Dam Safety Program, "Population at Risk" Evaluation

LEVEES – METHODOLOGY

Levee vulnerability was included as "Risk Characteristics" for each Levee system in the US Army Corp of Engineers National Levee Database (NLD). A risk classification was not assessed for each levee, however the Risk Characteristic assessed FEMA FIRM maps to estimate the number of people and structures at risk, as well as the property value exposed. The risk characteristics are as summarized in table 2.6.i below.

Table 2.6.i

	National Levee Database: Vulnerability by County								
County	Region	Levee Count	Leveed Area (Sq. Miles)	People at Risk	Structures at Risk	Property Value at Risk			
Erie	1	2	0.16	340	198	\$ 67,000,000.00			
Erie/Sandusky	1	1	0.53	240	99	\$ 21,600,000.00			
Lucas	1	5	4.12	2015	875	\$ 334,600,000.00			
Lucas/Ottawa	1	6	3.68	7	6	\$ 9,114,000.00			
Marion	1	2	0.80	60	43	\$ 375,200,000.00			
Miami	1	6	0.28	8501	3011	\$ 1,838,530,000.00			
Ottawa	1	146	16.62	465	547	\$ 163,790,000.00			
Ottawa/Sandusky	1	4	0.97	23	10	\$ 2,538,000.00			
Sandusky	1	3	1.30	2742	1340	\$ 481,900,000.00			
Butler	2	10	4.12	7582	267.6	\$ 1,252,140,000.00			
Cuyahoga	2	1	0.01	148	32	\$ 10,300,000.00			
Fairfield	2	2	0.89	1067	453	\$ 232,980,000.00			
Franklin	2	3	4.82	14485	4695	\$ 2,197,130,000.00			
Hamilton	2	10	5.39	16289	1709	\$ 2,709,870,000.00			
Knox	2	5	0.79	1927	767	\$ 302,460,000.00			
Lake	2	1	0.03	183	75	\$ 24,900,000.00			
Licking	2	1	0.16	671	283	\$ 61,400,000.00			
Lorain	2	1	0.25	13	6	\$ 2,000,000.00			
Montgomery	2	20	10.28	20717	8114	\$ 9,869,017,000.00			
Stark	2	5	0.78	1821	671	\$ 332,320,000.00			
Warren	2	5	0.45	1717	595	\$ 238,570,000.00			
Clermont	3	1	0.08	6	4	\$ 2,690,000.00			
Columbiana	3	1	0.45	1868	113	\$ 250,000,000.00			
Guernsey	3	2	0.12	282	167	\$ 147,400,000.00			
Hocking	3	1	0.03	60	32	\$ 10,200,000.00			
Lawrence	3	2	2.35	9377	5043	\$ 1,303,000,000.00			
Muskingum/Perry	3	1	0.11	384	324	\$ 85,700,000.00			
Pike	3	4	1.81	37	14	\$ 69,592,000.00			

Levee Inventory by County								
County	Region	Levee Count	Leveed Area (Sq. Miles)	People at Risk	Structures at Risk	F	Property Value at Risk	
Ross	3	1	2.15	9407	3999	\$	1,920,000,000.00	
Scioto	3	1	2.99	11062	4717	\$	2,650,000,000.00	
Tuscarawas	3	1	0.11	53	35	\$	23,400,000.00	
Lucas/Monroe	1, 3	1	0.50	2364	1225	\$	275,000,000.00	
Stark/Carroll	2, 3	1	0.11	303	141	\$	47,700,000.00	

Source: US Army Corp of Engineers National Levee Database

Statewide, there are 257 levee systems in the National Levee Database that protect an area of about 56.50 square miles. Within this protected area resides an estimated 116,216 people, 42,019 structures, and an estimated property value of \$27,312,041,000.

In Region 1, there are 146 levee systems that protect an area of about 28.96 square miles. Within this protected area resides an estimated 16,757 people, 7,354 structures, and an estimated property value of \$3,569,272,000. One of these levee systems extend into Monroe County which is in Region 3.

In Region 2, there are 65 levee systems that protect an area of about 28 square miles. Within this protected area resides an estimated 66,923 people, 20,217 structures, and an estimated property value of \$17,280,787,000. One of these levee systems extend into Carroll County which is in Region 3.

In Region 3, there are 15 levee systems that protect an area of about 9.42 square miles. Within this protected area resides an estimated 32,536 people, 14,448 structures, and an estimated property value of \$6,461,982,000.

STATE-OWNED AND STATE-LEASED CRITICAL FACILITIES VULNERABILITY ANALYSIS & LOSS ESTIMATION

DAM VULNERABILITY METHODOLOGY

As discussed in Section 2.1, the Department of Administrative Services maintains a database of all state-owned and state-leased facilities. These data were obtained for this enhanced plan update, and facilities were categorized based on their critical and non-critical nature (per the definition provided in Section 2.1). For dam failures, inundation mapping is available for many Class I dams throughout the state. This mapping can be coupled with the georeferenced state-owned and state-leased facilities to determine which state holdings are at risk given a dam failure that matches the assumptions made during the inundation analyses.

This methodology was used for assessing state-owned and state-leased facilities vulnerable to Class I dams owned and operated by the USACE. Specifically, 16 dams were analyzed. The inundation area that was analyzed for each dam was specific to the spillway design flood with dam failure. While such an event is extremely remote in nature, it is within the realm of possibility given the right conditions. The USACE dams and the critical facilities that fall within their inundation zones are summarized in table 2.6.j below.

Table 2.6.j

USACE Dam Name	Structures	Value of Structures
MOSQUITO CREEK	3	\$ 242,823
MOSQUITO CREEK UPSTREAM	20	\$ 1,441,000
ALUM CREEK DAM	1	\$ 60,600,000
ATWOOD DAM	4	\$ 616,148
BEACH CITY DAM	5	\$ 39,174,348
BLUESTONE DAM	8	\$ 20,602,352
BOLIVAR DAM	52	\$ 46,270,783
CAESAR CREEK LAKE DAM	2	\$ 101,705
CLENDENING DAM	1	\$ 226,644
DELAWARE DAM	56	\$ 73,152,052
DILLON DAM	24	\$ 2,357,385
DOVER DAM	30	\$ 42,908,528
MICHAEL J KIRWAN DAM	3	\$ 242,823
MOHAWK DAM	33	\$ 4,904,058
TOM JENKINS DAM	1	\$ 19,503,602
WEST FORK OF MILL CREEK LAKE DAM	1	\$ 1,667,976

RESULTS

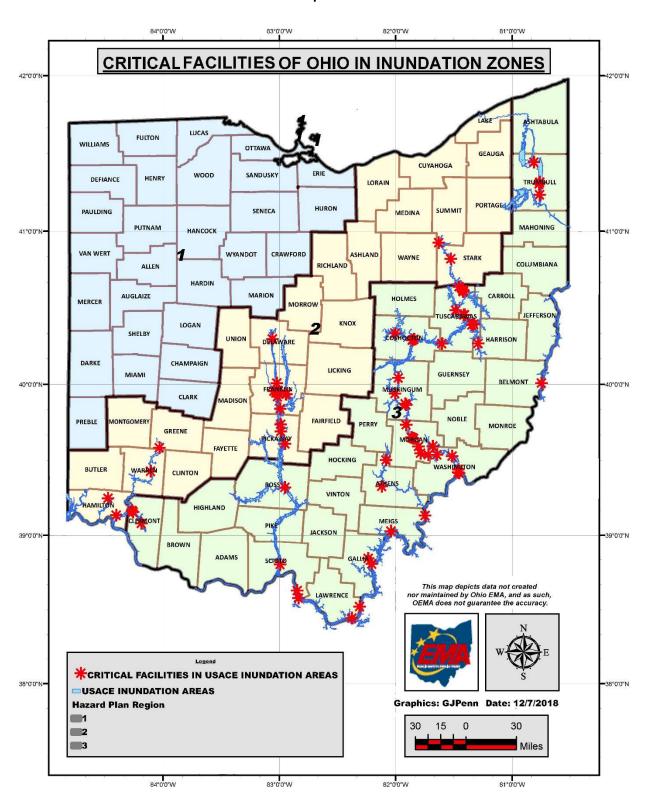
Table 2.6.k shows the numbers of state-owned and state-leased facilities potentially affected by an event equivalent to the spillway design flood with dam failure. Of the dams analyzed, Region 1 did not have any facilities within the spillway. In Region 2, there were an estimated 82 structures within the spillway with a total property value at risk at \$460,473,098.00. Franklin County had the most with 58 structures at \$435,759,205.00.

Region 3 contains the most state-owned and state-leased facilities within the inundation zones of the assessed dams. There were 240 structures throughout 15 counties in the region with a total property value of \$151,752,451.00. Tuscarawas County had most of these counties, with 68 structures worth a total value of \$54,290,414.00.

Table 2.6.k

Estimated Losses from Dam Failure for State-Owned and State-Leased Facilities								
	Region 2		Region 3					
County	Structures with Levee Protection	Property Value at Risk	County	Structures with Levee Protection	Property Value at Risk			
Clinton	1	\$ 422,778.00	Athens	12	\$ 24,853,315.00			
Delaware	3	\$ 736,213.00	Belmont	1	\$ 22,108.00			
Franklin	58	\$ 435,759,205.00	Clermont	8	\$ 1,675,283.00			
Greene	4	\$ 995,000.00	Coshocton	14	\$ 4,588,245.00			
Hamilton	3	\$ 19,954,621.00	Gallia	5	\$ 927,908.00			
Pickaw ay	6	\$ 2,140,011.00	Harrison	1	\$ 873,000.00			
Stark	2	\$ 194,389.00	Lawrence	5	\$ 1,862,205.00			
Warren	5	\$ 270,881.00	Meigs	22	\$ 4,163,299.00			
			Morgan	19	\$ 1,275,120.00			
			Muskingum	9	\$ 1,263,707.00			
			Ross	1	\$ 937,500.00			
			Scioto	11	\$ 33,423,194.00			
			Trumbull	42	\$ 2,837,882.00			
			Tuscarawas	68	\$ 54,290,414.00			
			Washington	22	\$ 18,759,271.00			
Region 2 Total:	82	\$ 460,473,098.00	Region 3 Total:	240	\$ 151,752,451.00			

Map 2.6.b



STATE OWNED DAMS

In addition to State owned critical facilities that may be impacted by dam failures, the State of Ohio, Department of Natural Resources also owns and maintains 57 Class I Dams. Of these 57 dams, 50 have EAPs complete with inundation maps while 6 have cursory EAPs that contain some level of downstream hazard map. Please see Table 2.6.I for the name of the dam and the NID number of the ODNR Dams followed by Map 2.6.c which depicts the location of these dams throughout the state. Future updates to this plan will include analysis of these maps in coordination with the ODNR using the same methodology described previously.

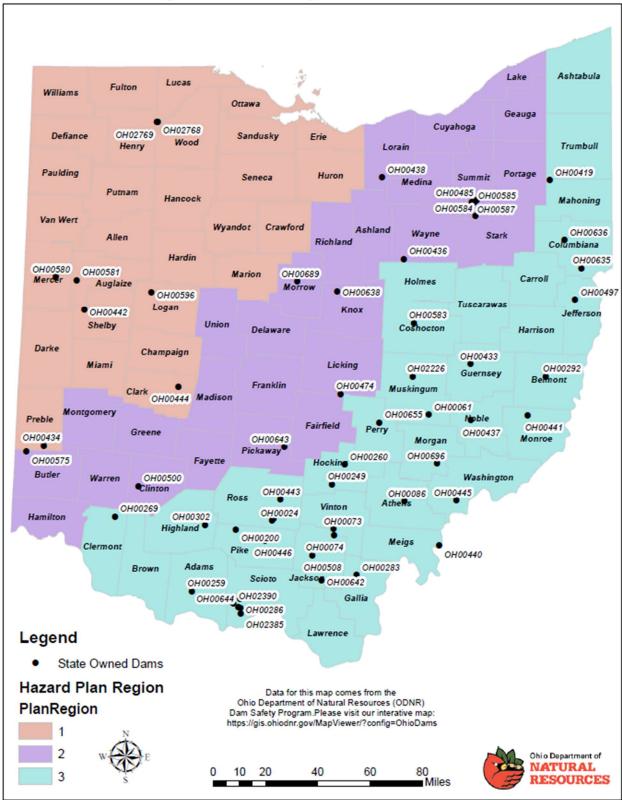
Table 2.6.I State Owned Class I Dams

NID Number	NAME	County	Hazard Plan Region
OH00575	ACTON LAKE DAM	BUTLER	2
OH00259	ADAMS LAKE DAM	ADAMS	1
OH00498	BEAR CREEK LAKE DAM	SCIOTO	3
OH00292	BELMONT LAKE DAM BELMONT		3
OH00061	BLUE ROCK LAKE DAM	MUSKINGUM	3
OH00474	BUCKEYE LAKE DAM	LICKING	2
OH00023	CALDWELL LAKE DAM	ROSS	3
OH00444	CLARK LAKE DAM	CLARK	1
OH00500	COWAN LAKE DAM	CLINTON	2
OH00086	DOW LAKE DAM	ATHENS	3
OH00588	EAST RESERVOIR DAM	SUMMIT	2
OH00438	FINDLEY LAKE DAM	LORAIN	2
OH00440	FORKED RUN LAKE DAM	MEIGS	3
OH00581	GRAND LAKE ST. MARYS - EAST EMBANKMENT	AUGLAIZE	1
OH00580	GRAND LAKE ST. MARYS - WEST EMBANKMENT	MERCER	1
OH02769	GRAND RAPIDS DAM	WOOD	1
OH00636	GUILFORD LAKE DAM	COLUMBIANA	3
OH00643	HARGUS LAKE DAM	PICKAWAY	2
OH00635	HIGHLANDTOWN LAKE DAM	COLUMBIANA	3
OH00596	INDIAN LAKE DAM	LOGAN	1
OH00642	JACKSON LAKE DAM	JACKSON	3
OH00497	JEFFERSON LAKE DAM	JEFFERSON	3
OH00638	KNOX LAKE DAM	KNOX	2
OH00074	LAKE ALMA DAM	VINTON	3
OH00260	LAKE LOGAN DAM	HOCKING	3
OH00442	LAKE LORAMIE DAM	SHELBY	1
OH00419	LAKE MILTON DAM	MAHONING	3
ОН00073	LAKE RUPERT DAM	VINTON	3
ОН00446	LAKE WHITE DAM	PIKE	3
OH00441	MONROE LAKE DAM	MONROE	3
OH00689	MOUNT GILEAD LOWER LAKE DAM	MORROW	2

ОН00696	MUSKINGUM RIVER LOCK AND DAM NO. 6	MORGAN	3
OH00584	NIMISILA RESERVOIR DAM	SUMMIT	2
OH00587	NORTH RESERVOIR DAM	SUMMIT	2
OH00249	OLD MAN'S CAVE LAKE DAM	HOCKING	3
OH00655	PERRY RECLAMATION DAM NO. 3	PERRY	3
OH00200	PIKE LAKE DAM	PIKE	3
OH02385	POND LICK LAKE DAM	SCIOTO	3
OH02768	PROVIDENCE DAM	WOOD	1
OH00302	ROCKY FORK LAKE DAM	HIGHLAND	3
OH00286	ROOSEVELT LAKE DAM	SCIOTO	3
OH00443	ROSS LAKE DAM	ROSS	3
OH00434	RUSH RUN LAKE DAM	PREBLE	1
OH00433	SALT FORK LAKE DAM	GUERNSEY	3
OH00436	SHREVE LAKE DAM	WAYNE	2
OH00583	SIX-MILE DAM	COSHOCTON	3
OH00024	STEWART LAKE DAM	ROSS	3
OH00269	STONELICK LAKE DAM	CLERMONT	3
OH00644	TURKEY CREEK LAKE DAM	SCIOTO	3
OH00485	TUSCARAWAS RIVER DIVERSION DAM	SUMMIT	2
OH00283	TYCOON LAKE DAM	GALLIA	3
OH00445	VETO LAKE DAM	WASHINGTON	3
ОН00585	WEST RESERVOIR DAM	SUMMIT	2
OH00437	WOLF RUN LAKE DAM	NOBLE	3
OH02390	WOLFDEN LAKE DAM	SCIOTO	3
OH02226	ZANESVILLE STATE NURSERY LAKE DAM	MUSKINGUM	3

Source: Ohio Department of Natural Resources Dam Safety Program

Dams Owned by the Ohio Department of Natural Resources



LEVEE VULNERABILITY METHODOLOGY

As referenced in Table 2.6.c, the National Levee Database lists 257 levee systems in Ohio. Each one of these levees protects a defined area as determined from FEMA FIRM maps. Each of these leveed areas were used to intersect with the list of State-owned and State-leased critical facilities in Ohio.

RESULTS

Table 2.6.m shows that there are 102 State-owned and State-leased critical facilities in Ohio that are protected by levees listed in the National Levee Database. The total value of these structures amount to approximately \$87.82 million. Region 1 had the least number of structures with four—one in Lucas County and three in Miami County. The total value of these four structures in Region 1 is approximately \$1.55 million. Region 2 has the second most number of structures at 57 but had the highest property value at risk by far at approximately \$68.39 million. 54 of the 57 structures are in Franklin County. Region 3 had the highest number of structures at 68—51 of which are in Ross County. The total value of these 68 structures in Region 3 is approximately \$17.88 million.

Table 2.6.m

State-Owned and State-Leased Facilities within Leveed Areas (NLD)								
Region 1			Region 2			Region 3		
County	Structures with Levee Protection	Property Value at Risk	County	Structures with Levee Protection	Property Value at Risk	County Structures with Prope Levee Value at Protection		
Lucas	1	\$ 22,000.00	Butler	1	\$ 1,447,035.51	Lawrence	1	\$ 705,010.77
Miami	3	\$1,523,856.86	Franklin	54	\$66,332,254.38	Ross	51	\$13,770,711.88
			Knox	2	\$ 608,285.67	Tus caraw as	16	\$ 3,408,608.69
Region 1 Total:	4	\$1,545,856.86	Region 2 Total:	57	\$ 68,387,575.56	Region 3 Total:	68	\$17,884,331.34

